

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Anti-Crevaison SP

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Anti-Crevaison SP
Product number	710512000022, 710513000002, 71051400002, 71051200100, 79051030125, 79051030031, 71051301100, 71051201022, 71051300022, 71051305022, 71051400022, 3256646512002, 325664000130, 3256640013802, 71021400022, 71052500002, 71051300002
UFI	UFI: 6GN5-E0FQ-T002-GE7G
EU REACH registration notes	This is a MIXTURE; no registration information contained in this document. Holts are classed as Downstream User.
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Car maintenance product.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet
Supplier	Holt Lloyd Services 52 Rue des 40 Mines, 60000 – Allonne, France Phone: +33 (0)3 64 99 00 32 info@holtsauto.com
Contact person	Regulatory Affairs, Contact email address: info@holtsauto.com
Manufacturer	Holt Lloyd International Ltd Barton Dock Road Stretford Manchester M32 0YQ - England, UK +44 (0) 161 866 4800 FAX +44 (0) 161 866 4854 www.holtsauto.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone UK - 00 44 (0) 161 866 4800 Office hrs = 0900 - 1700 hrs

National emergency telephone	+43 1 31304 5620; chemikalien@umweltbundesamt.at (Austria)
number	+32022649636; info@poisoncentre.be (Belgium)
	+359 2 9154 409; poison_centre@mail.orbitel.bg (Bulgaria)
	+38514686910; toksikologija@hzjz.hr (Croatia)
	+35722405611; cy-chemregistry@dli.mlsi.gov.cy (Cyprus)
	+420267082257; biocidy@mzcr.cz (Czech Republic)
	+45 72 54 40 00; mst@mst.dk (Denmark)
	+372 794 3500; clp@terviseamet.ee, info@terviseamet.ee (Estonia)
	+358 5052 000; kirjaamo@tukes.fi (Finland)
	+ 33 3 83 85 21 92; bnpc@chru-nancy.fr (France)
	+49-30-18412-0; bfr@bfr.bund.de (Germany)
	+302106479250; +302106479450; devxp.gcsl@aade.gr, environment.gcsl@aade.gr (Greece)
	+36 (1) 476 1135; clp.ca@nnk.gov.hu (Hungary)
	+354 543 22 22; eitur@landspitali.is (Iceland)
	+353 (1) 809 2166 / +353 (1) 809 2566; chemicalsinfo@beaumont.ie (Ireland)
	+390649906140; inscweb@iss.it (Italy)
	+371 67032600; lvgmc@lvgmc.lv (Latvia)
	+370 70662008; aaa@aaa.am.lt (Lithuania)
	+320 22649636; +352 24785551; info@poisoncentre.be; direction-sante@ms.etat.lu
	(Luxembourg)
	+356 2395 2000; info@mccaa.org.mt (Malta)
	+31 88 75 585 61; productnotificatie@umcutrecht.nl (The Netherlands)
	+4573580500; produktregisteret@miljodir.no / +47 21 07 70 00; folkehelseinstituttet@fhi.no
	+48 42 2538 400; biuro@chemikalia.gov.pl (Poland)
	+351 800 250 250; ciav.tox@inem.pt (Portugal)
	+40213183606; infotox@insp.gov.ro (Romania)
	+7 495 621 6885; +7 495 628 1687; rtiac@mail.ru; rtiac2003@yahoo.com (Russia)
	+421 2 5465 2307; ntic@ntic.sk (Slovakia)
	+ 386 1 522 1293; gp.ukc@kclj.si (Slovenia)
	+34 917689800; intcf.doc@justicia.es (Spain)
	+46104566750; giftinformation@gic.se (Sweden)
	+44 121 507 4123; allistervale@npis.org, sallybradberry@npis.org (UK)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification	of th	e substance	or mixture
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## Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	Not Classified
Environmental hazards	Not Classified

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
UFI	UFI: 6GN5-E0FQ-T002-GE7G
2.3. Other hazards	
SECTION 3: Composition/inf	formation on ingredients
3.2. Mixtures	
BUTANE	10-30%
CAS number: 106-97-8	EC number: 203-448-7
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas	
PROPANE	10-30%
CAS number: 74-98-6	EC number: 200-827-9
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1A - H220	
ISOBUTANE	10-30%
CAS number: 75-28-5	EC number: 200-857-2
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL	5-10%
CAS number: 57-55-6	EC number: 200-338-0
Classification Not Classified	
Ammonium dodecyl sulfate	<1%
CAS number: 90583-12-3	EC number: 292-210-6
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	

METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE	<19
CAS number: 55965-84-9	EC number: 220-239-6
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames. Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Not relevant.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	If liquid has entered the eyes, proceed as follows. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.
Skin contact	May be slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.
Eye contact	May be slightly irritating to eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.
4.3. Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Risk of explosion if heated. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to
	excessive pressure build-up.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire
firefighting	exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. 6.2. Environmental precautions **Environmental precautions** Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. 6.4. Reference to other sections Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13. SECTION 7: Handling and storage 7.1. Precautions for safe handling Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage precautions Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Storage class Flammable compressed gas storage. Aerosol containers and lighters 7.3. Specific end use(s) Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### BUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### ISOBUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 800 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 800 ppm

#### **PROPYLENE GLYCOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> total vapour and particulates Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> particulate WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### PROPYLENE GLYCOL (CAS: 57-55-6)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 168 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	Fresh water; 260 mg/l Intermittent release; 183 (freshwater) mg/l marine water; 26 mg/l STP; 20000 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 572 mg/kg sediment dry weight Sediment (Marinewater); 57.2 mg/kg sediment dry weight Soil; 50 mg/kg soil dry weight
	Ammonium dodecyl sulfate (CAS: 90583-12-3)
Ingredient comm	DNELs and PNECs are provided on a read-across substance.
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 285 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 4060 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 85 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2440 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 24 mg/kg/day Hazard for Eyes. Workers: Medium hazard for eyes (no threshold derived). General Population: Medium hazard for eyes (no threshold derived).
PNEC	Fresh water; 0.102 mg/l marine water; 0.01 mg/l STP; 1.35 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 3.58 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.36 mg/kg Soil; 0.654 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Rubber (natural, latex). To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.
SECTION 9: Physical and che	emical properties
9.1. Information on basic phys	sical and chemical properties
Appearance	Aerosol. Opaque liquid.
Colour	White.
Odour	Slight.
рН	pH (concentrated solution): 9.5
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 4.8 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.5 %
Relative density	1.005 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Slightly soluble in water. Insoluble in organic solvents.
9.2. Other information	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not applicable.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects
Toxicological effects	Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD∞)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD∞)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation $LC_{50}$ )	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Not relevant.	
Inhalation	Extensive use of the product in areas with inadequate ventilation may result in the accumulation of hazardous vapour concentrations. May cause eye and respiratory system irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.	
Ingestion	No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.	
Skin contact	May be slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.	
Eye contact	May be slightly irritating to eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		

## BUTANE

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD50	5,000.0
mg/kg)	
Species	Rat

### PROPANE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀	5,000.0	
mg/kg)	0,000.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,000.0	
	ISOBUTANE	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,000.0	
	PROPYLENE GLYCOL	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ 22000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> )	LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> )	LC50 41 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEL 10100 mg/kg bw/day, Oral, Mouse F1, F2	
Reproductive toxicity - development	- NOAEL: 10400 mg/kg bw/day, Oral, Mouse	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		

STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

# Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard

Not relevant.

#### Ammonium dodecyl sulfate

Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD₅₀ >/= 500 - = 2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat</th
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD50)	LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC50)	No information available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	LOAEL > 1125 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEL 1125 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies. REACH dossier information. Read- across data.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEL > 300 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat F1 No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity:, Fetotoxicity:, Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: > 600 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rabbit No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	

STOT - repeated exposure Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

### Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard	Not relevant.
Μ	ETHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE
Acute toxicity - oral	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	100.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	300.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	on
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	0.5
SECTION 12: Ecological information	1

#### Ecotoxicity

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

## PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 40613 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 18340 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates, Ceriodaphnia dubia EC₅₀, 48 hours: 18800 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates, Americamysis bahia
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19000 mg/l, Freshwater algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19100 mg/l, Marinewater algae, Skeletonema costatum
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	NOEC, 18 hours: > 20000 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	ChV, 30 days: 2500 mg/l, QSAR
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC10, LC10, NOEC, 7 days: 13020 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia dubia
	Ammonium dodecyl sulfate
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 4.7 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 11 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus NOEC, 72 hours: 3 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 3 hours: 135 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic toxicity	

**Chronic toxicity - fish early** NOEC, 42 days: >/= 1.357 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) **life stage** 

**Chronic toxicity - aquatic** NOEC, 7 days: 0.508 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia dubia, QSAR **invertebrates** 

#### METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE, METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)50	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
M factor (Chronic)	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### **PROPYLENE GLYCOL**

Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable 81-97% 28 days
	Ammonium dodecyl sulfate
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Stability (hydrolysis) No information required.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### **PROPYLENE GLYCOL**

log Pow: -1.07

#### Ammonium dodecyl sulfate

Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0.8

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product is insoluble in water. The product hardens to a solid, immobile substance.

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### **PROPYLENE GLYCOL**

Adsorption/desorption	Expected to have a low potential for adsorption.
coefficient	

## Ammonium dodecyl sulfate

Adsorption/desorption/desorp	ption Water and sediment - Log Koc: 2.5 - 3.19 @ 20°C	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	3 assessment	
<b>Results of PBT and vPvB</b> This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment		
Ecological information on ingre	adients.	
	PROPYLENE GLYCOL	
Results of PBT ar assessment	<b>nd vPvB</b> This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.	
	Ammonium dodecyl sulfate	
Results of PBT ar assessment	<b>nd vPvB</b> This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	<u>s</u>	
Disposal methods	Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
Waste class	EAK	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
General	LIMITED QUANTITIES LQ2	
Road transport notes	5F	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
UN No. (ADN)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>e</u>	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	2.1	

ADR/RID classification code	5F
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1

ICAO class/division	2.1
	Z. I

ADN class

#### **Transport labels**



### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

2.1

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
	The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as amended).
	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
	Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).
	Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.
	Control of Pollution Act 1974.
	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).
	The Export and Import of Dangerous Chemicals Regulations 2008 (SI 2008 No. 2108) (as amended).
	Notification of New Substances Regulations.
	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
EU legislation	

Detergents Regulation EC 648/2004 VOC Directive - 2004/42/EC

Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.
Authorisations (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XIV)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XVII)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. EC-as: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. GHS: Globally Harmonized System. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient. LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population. LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOAEC: No Observed Effect Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. REACH: The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. UVCB - Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or Biological materials. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Calculation method.
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Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H301 Toxic if swallowed.</li> <li>H311 Toxic in contact with skin.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> </ul>
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H331 Toxic if inhaled.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.