

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Deep Crystal[™] Carnauba Wax A22 [A2216]

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Address: | Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF |
|------------|---|
| Telephone: | +44 (0)870 241 6696 |
| E Mail: | info@meguiars.co.uk |
| Website: | www.meguiars.co.uk |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The aspiration hazard classification is not required due to the product's viscosity.

CLASSIFICATION:

This material is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, as amended, on classification, labelling, and packaging of substances and mixtures.

2.2. Label elements CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 Not applicable

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH208

Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Information required per Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 on Biocidal Products:

Contains a biocidal product (preservative): C(M)IT/MIT (3:1).

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | CAS Nbr | EC No. | REACH Registration No. | % by Wt | Classification |
|---|-----------------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Non-Hazardous Ingredients | Mixture | | | 60 - 100 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | | 926-141-6 | | 10 - 20 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304; EUH066 |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | | 920-901-0 | | 1 - 10 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304; EUH066 |
| Clay | Trade Secret | | | 2 - 5.5 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | 63148-62-9 | | | 1 - 3 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| Carnauba wax | 8015-86-9 | 232-399-4 | | 1 - 2 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | 232-455-8 | | 0 - 1 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500- 7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | 911-418-6 | | < 0.002 | EUH071; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=100; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=100 - Nota B Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310 |

Note: Any entry in the EC# column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance. Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you are concerned, get medical advice.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

No need for first aid is anticipated.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| formaldehyde | During combustion. |
| Carbon monoxide | During combustion. |
| Carbon dioxide. | During combustion. |
| Irritant vapours or gases. | During combustion. |

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No occupational exposure limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

None required.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

| Material | Thickness (mm) | Breakthrough Time |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Polymer laminate | No data available | No data available |

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used:Nitrile rubber.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | • |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Colour | Light Yellow |
| Odor | Banana |
| Odour threshold | No data available. |
| рН | 7.5 - 8.5 |
| Boiling point/boiling range | 198.9 °C |
| Melting point | No data available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Explosive properties | Not classified |
| Oxidising properties | Not classified |
| Flash point | 93.3 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup] |
| Autoignition temperature | No data available. |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | No data available. |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | No data available. |
| Vapour pressure | No data available. |
| Relative density | 0.98 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] |
| Water solubility | Moderate |
| Solubility- non-water | No data available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | No data available. |
| Evaporation rate | No data available. |
| Vapour density | No data available. |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available. |
| Viscosity | 25,000 - 37,000 mPa-s |
| Density | 0.98 g/ml |

9.2. Other information EU Volatile Organic Compounds Molecular weight

No data available. No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin.

Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Additional Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|-----------------|--------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |

Condition

| Overall product | Inhalation- Vapour(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Inhalation- Vapour | Professio nal judgeme nt | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Clay | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Clay | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Inhalation- Vapour | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg |
| Carnauba wax | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Carnauba wax | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 8,800 mg/kg |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 87 mg/kg |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 0.33 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) A TE = acute toxicity estimate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 40 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|-----------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Carnauba wax | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgemen | |
| | t | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | | |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|-----------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Carnauba wax | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgemen | |
| | t | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | | |

Skin Sensitisation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and | Human | Sensitising |
| 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | and | |
| | animal | |

Photosensitisation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|-----------------|
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and | Human | Not sensitising |
| 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | and | |
| | animal | |

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|--|----------|--|
| | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | | |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not |
| 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | | sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% | Not | Not | Not carcinogenic |
| aromatics | specified. | available | |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not | Not | Not carcinogenic |
| | specified. | available | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Inhalation | Multiple | Not carcinogenic |
| | | animal | |
| | | species | |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] | | | |
| (3:1) | | | |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. | Ingestion | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] | | | |
| (3:1) | | | |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure |
|------------------------------------|------------|--|---------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Duration |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, | Not | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL Not | 1 generation |
| isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | specified. | - | | available | _ |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, | Not | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL Not | 1 generation |
| isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | specified. | - | | available | - |

| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL Not available | 1 generation |
|--|-------------------|--|------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for female reproduction | Not available | NOAEL NA | 1 generation |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for male reproduction | Not available | NOAEL NA | 28 days |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Not specified. | Not classified for development | Not available | NOAEL NA | during gestation |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220- 239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220- 239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220- 239-6] (3:1) | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Ingestion | liver immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day | 90 days |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|--|-------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Aspiration hazard |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Aspiration hazard |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient

classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

| Material | CAS # | Organism | Туре | Exposure | Test endpoint | Test result |
|---|--------------|---------------|---|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 926-141-6 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 926-141-6 | Rainbow trout | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 926-141-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 926-141-6 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | 1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | Effect Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Rainbow trout | Estimated | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | >1,000 mg/l |
| Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | 1,000 mg/l |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | EC50 | 2,500 mg/l |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | EC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Zebra Fish | Estimated | 96 hours | LC50 | >100 mg/l |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 10% | 41 mg/l |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Rainbow trout | Estimated | 30 days | NOEC | >100 mg/l |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | 63148-62-9 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| Carnauba wax | 8015-86-9 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | >100 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Bluegill | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | >100 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | >100 mg/l |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | No obs Effect Level | >100 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- | 55965-84-9 | Copepods | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 0.007 mg/l |

| 2 ono [EC no. 220, 220 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
|---|------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|------------------------|--------------|
| 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | | | | | | |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Diatom | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 0.0199 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | EC50 | 0.027 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Rainbow trout | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.19 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Sheepshead Minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | LC50 | 0.3 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | EC50 | 0.099 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Diatom | Experimental | 48 hours | NOEC | 0.00049 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Fathead minnow | Experimental | 36 days | No obs Effect Level | 0.02 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Green Algae | Experimental | 72 hours | NOEC | 0.004 mg/l |
| reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | NOEC | 0.004 mg/l |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Material | CAS Nbr | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 926-141-6 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 69 % BOD/ThBOD | OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Estimated Biodegradation | 28 days | BOD | 31.3 % BOD/ThBOD | OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Data not availbl- insufficient | | | N/A | |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | 63148-62-9 | Data not availbl- insufficient | | | N/A | |
| Carnauba wax | 8015-86-9 | Estimated Biodegradation | 28 days | CO2 evolution | 96 % weight | OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2 |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Experimental Biodegradation | 28 days | CO2 evolution | 0 % weight | OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2 |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Estimated Photolysis | | Photolytic half-life (in air) | 1.2 days (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Experimental Hydrolysis | | Hydrolytic half-life | > 60 days (t 1/2) | Other methods |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Estimated Biodegradation | 29 days | CO2 evolution | 62 %CO2 evolution/THC O2 evolution (does not pass 10-day window) | OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2 |

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | Cas No. | Test type | Duration | Study Type | Test result | Protocol |
|--|--------------|---|----------|---------------------------|-------------|---|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | 926-141-6 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | 920-901-0 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Clay | Trade Secret | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Poly(dimethylsiloxane) | 63148-62-9 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Carnauba wax | 8015-86-9 | Estimated Bioconcentration | | Bioaccumulation factor | 7.4 | Estimated: Bioconcentration factor |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | 8042-47-5 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) | 55965-84-9 | Estimated BCF - Bluegill | 28 days | Bioaccumulation factor | 54 | OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow- through fish test |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

20 01 13* Solvents

SECTION 14: Transportation information

ADR/IMDG/IATA: Not restricted for transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
|--------|---|
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H310 | Fatal in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Revision information:

Section 1: Product name information was modified.

CLP Remark(phrase) information was deleted.

Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.

- Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.
- Section 11: Aspiration Hazard Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Carcinogenicity Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Germ Cell Mutagenicity Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Skin Sensitization Table information was modified.
- Section 11: Specific Target Organ Toxicity repeated exposure text information was deleted.
- Section 11: Target Organs Repeated Table information was added.
- Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.
- Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.
- Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.

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