

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 1/24/2025 Supersedes: 8/29/2024 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifierProduct form: MixtureTrade name: Eni i-Ride Scooter 2TProduct code: 1522Formula: 0008-2016

Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

: Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use
: Wide dispersive use
: Lubricant for two-stroke engines
Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.
: Lubricants and additives

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN) Poison Center

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements	: EUH208 - Contains reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-
	propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri-calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-
	propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl-
	phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]. May produce an allergic reaction.
	EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification	:	If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours
		may cause burns. Any material in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the
		like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a
		case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized
		medical treatment.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances \geq 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
Substance(s) not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0), Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (see note [*], see note [**]) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, DK, ES, GB, HU, NL, SE)	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	40 - 60	Not classified
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE)	EC-No.: 926-141-6 REACH-no: 01-2119456620- 43	15 – 20	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066
reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra- propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide; tri- calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra- propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide; poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl- phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]	EC-No.: 420-470-4 EC Index-No.: 020-003-00-0 REACH-no: 01-0000016710- 77	0,1 - 0,3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Comments	 Note [*]: this product may be formulated with one or more of the following base oils: CAS 74869-22- 0/ EC: 278-012-2/ REACH Reg. # 01-2119495601-36-XXXX; CAS 64742-54-7/ EC 265- 157-1/ REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-XXXX
	Note [**]: this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the
	criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects,	both acute and delayed
Symptoms / injuries (general indications)	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	 Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of dangerous quantites is very unlikely.
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration	: No information available.
Chronic symptoms	: None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		
Fire hazard	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.	
Explosion hazard	: In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ of air.	

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from the danger area, if safe to do so. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters Other information	 Wear personal protection equipment. (see chapter 8). Self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel		
Protective equipment Emergency procedures	 See Section 8. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. 	
For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.	
Emergency procedures	: If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.	

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit fire risk. Do not use direct jets. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. water. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other suitable mechanical means. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable tanks or containers for recovery or safe disposal. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Other information :	Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer operations, ensure that all equipment and containers are correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned.
Handling temperature Hygiene measures	 0 – 65 °C Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do
	not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, incl	uding any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources o ignition. Do not smoke.
Incompatible products	: Keep away from strong oxidizers.
Storage temperature	: 0 – 55 °C
Storage area	: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations/areas should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Packages and containers:	: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
Packaging materials	: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.
Germany	
Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510)	: LGK 12 - Non-combustible liquids
Switzerland	
	: LK 10/12 - Liquids
Storage class (LK)	. LK 10/12 - Liquias

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Safety Data Sheet

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics			
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 90)0)		
AGW (OEL TWA)	350 mg/m ³		
	50 ppm		
Limitation of exposure peaks (mg/m³)	700 mg/m ³		
Limitation of exposure peaks (ppm)	100 ppm		
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAK (OEL TWA)	350 mg/m ³		
VLE [mg/m³]	700 mg/m ³		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)			
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits			
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits			
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
KGV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits			
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	JSA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)		
Recommended monitoring procedures			
Monitoring methods			
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.		

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

DNEL and PNEC		
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)	·	
Additional information	Not applicable	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)		
Additional information	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
PNEC (additional information)	·	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.97 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.73 mg/m ³	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5.58 mg/m³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.74 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food	
PNEC (additional information)		
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment	
Note :	The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability.

Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use): Gloves. Safety glasses.

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant.

Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard.

Other skin protection Materials for protective clothing:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: if the product is handled without adequate containment, use full or half-face masks with adequate filter for dusts. (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:

None in normal use conditions.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills.

Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Yellow-brown.
Appearance	Clear liquid.
Molecular mass	Not applicable for mixtures
Odour	Slight odour of petroleum.
Odour threshold	There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
Melting point	: -15 °C (ASTM D 97)
Freezing point	Not determined
Boiling point	: (ASTM D 1160)
Flammability	Not flammable
Lower explosion limit	Not determined
Upper explosion limit	Not determined

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Flash point	: ≥ 90 °C (ASTM D 93)
Auto-ignition temperature	: ≥ 300 °C (DIN 51794)
Decomposition temperature	Not determined
pH	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: 73 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 10,3 mm2/s (100°C)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow	: Not available
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Vapour pressure	: ca 0.02 kPa (20 °C, EN 13016)
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: Not determined
Density	: 871 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)
Relative density	: Not determined
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Not determined
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable
0.0 Other information	

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits	: ≥45 g/m³ (Aerosol)
Other safety characteristics	
Additional information	: No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Acute toxicity (oral) Acute toxicity (dermal) Acute toxicity (inhalation) Additional information	 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) 	
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
LD50 oral rat	\geq 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	

Safety Data Sheet

Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T	
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	\geq 5 mg/l/4h (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
ATE CLP (vapours)	5 mg/l/4h
ATE (dust,mist)	5 mg/l/4h
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-al	kanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics
LD50 oral rat	5000 – 15000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401; ExxonMobil, 1989)
LD50 dermal rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402; CEPSA Quimica, 1989)
LD50 dermal rabbit	3160 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402; ExxonMobil, 1984)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	5000 – 11000 mg/m³ (OECD 403) (Read across: C11-C13, < 2% arom; ExxonMobil, 2005)
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of nor predominantly of hydrocarbons having ca	neavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of mal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists arbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Not determined
Skin corrosion/irritation	 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable. (according to composition)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-al	kanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics
рН	Not applicable
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of nor predominantly of hydrocarbons having ca	neavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of mal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists arbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
рН	Not applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	pH: Not applicable. : (according to composition)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-al	
pH	Not applicable
hydrocarbons obtained by removal of nor predominantly of hydrocarbons having ca	neavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of mal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists arbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)
рН	Not applicable
Respiratory or skin sensitisation Additional information	 Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information Carcinogenicity	: (according to composition) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information	 A Not classified (based of available data, the classification chiena are not met) (according to composition) All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)
1/24/2025 (Devision date)	

Safety Data Sheet

es, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
138 mg/m³ (NOAEC - OECD 453) (Read across: Stoddard solvent; NTP, 2004)		
> 2200 mg/m³ (NOAEC - OECD 453) (Read across: Stoddard solvent; NTP, 2004)		
Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)		
es, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
≥ 1720 mg/m³ (5 days/week, for 8 weeks, (OECD 421), (ExxonMobil 1980))		
Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)		
(according to composition) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)		
(according to composition)		
es, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
1000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD 408, Sasol, 1995 - ExxonMobil 1991)		
2200 – 10400 mg/l air (OECD 413 - OECD 453, National Toxicology Program 2006 - Shell, 1980)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
125 mg/kg bodyweight Not determined		
100 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)		
≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Not determined		
220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)		
Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)		
73 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445); 10,3 mm2/s (100°C)		
es, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
2 – 3.5 mm²/s (20°C - ASTM D 7042)		
Yes		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity not less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-65-0)		
91 – 99 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)		
11.2. Information on other hazards		
The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %		

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, Contact
symptoms	with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.
Other information	: None

SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - general	: An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.	
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.	
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic)	: Not classified	
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
LC50 fish 1	\geq 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
EC50 Daphnia 1	\geq 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
ErC50 (algae)	\geq 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alka	nes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 1000 mg/l LL50, 72 h (Oncorhynchus mykiss, OECD 203) (QSAR, CONCAWE 2010)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 1000 mg/l EL50, 48 h (OECD 202) (SRC, 1994)	
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	≥ 10000 mg/l LL50, 48 h (Chaetogammarus marinus, OECD 202) (TNO, 1991)	
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 1000 mg/l EL50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, OECD 201) (SRC, 1994)	
NOEC (acute)	1000 mg/I NOELR, 72 h (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata, OECD 201) (SRC, 1994)	
NOEC chronic fish	0.173 mg/l (NOELR, 28d, QSAR, CONCAWE 2010)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	1.22 mg/l (NOELR, 21d, QSAR, CONCAWE 2010)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)	
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)	
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)	
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)	

Safety Data Sheet

12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide; tri-calcium (tris(2- hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide; poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl- phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkane	es, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "readily biodegradable".	
Biodegradation	77 – 83 % 28 d (OECD 301 F) (Shell, 1997)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkane	es, cyclics < 2% aromatics	
Log Pow	Not applicable (UVCB)	
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)	
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
BCF fish 1	0.4 – 6280 l/kg	
BCF fish 2	3.16 – 71100 l/kg	
Log Pow	1.99 – 18.02	
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)	
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T		
Mobility in soil	Not determined	
Ecology - soil	No data available.	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics		
Surface tension	24 – 29 mN/m (20°C)	
Log Koc	4.16 – 5.88	
Ecology - soil	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
Log Koc	1.71 – 14.7		
Ecology - soil	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
Eni i-Ride Scooter 2T			
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria	of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria	a of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)		
Component			
Substance(s) not meeting the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Substance(s) not meeting the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, in accordance with Annex XIII	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics, Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties			
endocrine disrupting properties	The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.		
12.7. Other adverse effects			
Additional information :	None. This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.		

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Waste treatment methods	Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.	
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.	
Additional information	: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn or incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.	
Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)	 The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances. 13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils 	

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

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1e			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
es)			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
		·	
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
	es) Not regulated Not regulated	es) Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated	es) Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport Not regulated

Transport by sea Not regulated

Air transport Not regulated

Inland waterway transport Not regulated

Rail transport Not regulated

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
3(b)	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Council Regulation (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) for the control of dual-use items

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

	Maladies professionelles (F)		
Code Description		Description	
	RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin	

Germany

VbF class (D)	:	Not applicable.
Water hazard class (WGK) (D)		WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).
WGK remark	:	Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS).
Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)	:	Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)
Netherlands		
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	:	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic is listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	:	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic is listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding	:	None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid	:	None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling	:	None of the components are listed
Denmark		
Classification remarks	:	Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed
Danish National Regulations	:	Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product
		Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Poland	
Polish National Regulations	 Act of 25 February 2011 on chemical substances and their mixtures (J. o L. No. 63, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2019, item 1225). Act of 14 December 2012 on waste (J. o L. 2013, item 322 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 797). The announcement of Marshal of the Sejm of the Republic of Poland dated 19 October 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree on the management of packaging and packaging waste (J. o L. 2016, item 1863 as amended). Decree of the Minister of Environment of 14 December 2014 on the catalogue of waste (J. o L. 2014, item 1923). Act of 19 August 2011 on the Carriage of Dangerous Goods (J. o L. 2011 No. 227, item 1367 as amended; consolidated text J. o L. 2020, item 154). Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 on the highest permissible concentration and intensity of noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. item 1286 as amended). The announcement of Minister of Health dated 9 September 2016 concerning the consolidated text announcement of the decree of the Minister of Health of 30 December 2004 on health and safety at work related to exposure to chemical agents at work (J. o L. of 16 September 2016, item 1488) Regulation of the Minister of Health of 2 February 2011 on tests and measurements of the noxious agents for health at work environment (J. o L. No. 33, item 166 as amended). Regulation of the Minister of Environment of 9 December 2003 on particularly hazardous substances to the environment (J. o L. No. 217, item 2141). ADR Agreement: Government Statement of 13 March 2023 on the entry into force of amendments to Annexes A and B to the Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR), signed in Geneva on 30 September 1957 (J. o. L. 2023, item 891)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide; tri-calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide; poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenyl-phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide] Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics < 2% aromatics

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes				
Section	Changed item	Comments		
2.1	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]	Removed		
2.3	Other hazards not contributing to the classification	Modified		
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified		
3.2	Comments	Modified		
4.3	Other medical advice or treatment	Modified		
6.1	Protective equipment	Modified		
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Modified		
8.2	Respiratory protection	Modified		
8.2	Appropriate engineering controls	Modified		
9	Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	Removed		
9	Flash point	Modified		
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	Modified		

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878

Indication of change	S	
Section	Changed item	Comments
16	Other information	Modified
Data sources	: This Safety Data S	heet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their

Training advice

combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, Category 1		
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of: dicalcium (bis(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)dihydroxide tri- calcium (tris(2-hydroxy-5-tetra-propenylphenylmethyl)methylamine)tri-hydroxide poly[calcium ((2-hydroxy-5-tetra- propenyl-phenylmethyl)methylamine)hydroxide]. May produce an allergic reaction.	
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.