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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE

**COMPANY / UNDERTAKING** 

As of the revision date above, this SDS meets the regulations in the United Kingdom excluding Northern Ireland.

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: MOBIL ATF LT 71141
Product Description: Base Oil and Additives

**Product Code:** 201530202037, 520882-60

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: Automatic gearbox fluid

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Supplier: ExxonMobil Petroleum & Chemical BV

POLDERDIJKWEG B-2030 Antwerpen

Belgium

Product Technical Information: (UK) 0800 028 2851 Supplier General Contact: (UK) 0800 028 2851

SDS Internet Address: www.msds.exxonmobil.com

E-Mail: sds.uk@exxonmobil.com

Supplier / Registrant: (BE) +32 3 790 3111

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24** Hour Emergency Telephone: (UK) (+44) 870 8200418 **National Poison Control Centre:** (UK) 111

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Classification according to CLP

Chronic aquatic toxicant: Category 3., H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS

Label elements according to CLP

Pictograms: No Pictograms



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Signal Word: No Signal Word

# **Hazard Statements:**

**Environment:** 

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Precautionary Statements:**

Prevention:

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

# 2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

# **Physical / Chemical Hazards:**

No significant hazards.

# **Health Hazards:**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation.

# **Environmental Hazards:**

No additional hazards. Material does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with REACH Annex XIII.

# **SECTION 3**

# **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**3.1. SUBSTANCES** Not Applicable. This material is regulated as a mixture.

### 3.2. MIXTURES

This material is defined as a mixture.

# Reportable hazardous substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit

(OEL)

Name	CAS#	EC#	Registration#	Concentration	GHS/CLP
				*	classification
1-PROPANAMINE, 3-(ISODECYLOXY)-	-	939-485-7	01-2119974116-35	0.025 - < 0.1%	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 100), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M factor 1), Skin Corr. 1B H314
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-C12-18-alkyl derivs.	71786-60-2	276-014-8	01-2119957489-17	< 0.25%	Acute Tox. 4 H302,



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Repr. 2 H361d, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 10), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M factor 10), Skin Corr. 1C H314 2.2'-(C16-18 (EVENNUMBERED, C18 1218787-32-6 620-540-6 01-2119510877-33 0.1 - < 0.25% Acute Tox. 4 H302. UNSATURATED) ALKYL IMINO) Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M DIETHANOL factor 10). Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M factor 1). Skin Corr. 1C H314 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 64742-54-7 265-157-1 01-2119484627-25 50 - < 60% Asp. Tox. 1 H304 paraffinic Asp. Tox. 1 H304 64742-65-0 265-169-7 01-2119471299-27 5 - < 10% Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% 919-284-0 01-2119463588-24 0.1 - < 1% [Aquatic Acute 2 H401], naphthalene Aquatic Chronic 2 H411. [Flam. Liq. 4 H227], Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Carc. 2 H351, EUH066. STOT SE 3 H336

Note - any classification in brackets is a GHS building block that was not adopted in CLP and therefore is not applicable in the countries which have implemented CLP and is shown for informational purposes only.

Note: See SDS Section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

# **SECTION 4**

# **FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

# **INHALATION**

Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device.

# **SKIN CONTACT**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

#### **INGESTION**

Seek immediate medical attention.

#### 4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.

#### 4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED



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The need to have special means for providing specific and immediate medical treatment available in the workplace is not expected.

#### **SECTION 5**

# **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

#### 5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides

#### **5.3. ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

# **FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES**

Flash Point [Method]: >180°C (356°F) [ASTM D-92]

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: 7.0 LEL: 0.9 [Estimated]

**Autoignition Temperature:** No data available

# **SECTION 6**

# **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

# **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant,



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antistatic material is recommended.

# **6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

#### 6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

#### 6.4. REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Sections 8 and 13.

# SECTION 7

# **HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid all personal contact. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

**Static Accumulator:** This material is a static accumulator.

# 7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep away from incompatible materials.

# 7.3. SPECIFIC END USES

Section 1 informs about identified end-uses. No industrial or sector specific guidance available.

# **SECTION 8**

# **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# **8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS**

# **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)



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Substance Name	Form	Limit/Sta	ndard	Note	Source
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated		TWA	5 mg/m3		ACGIH
heavy paraffinic	Inhalable fraction.				
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3		ACGIH

**Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product:** When mists/aerosols can occur the following is recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction).

Note: Information about recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from the relevant agency(ies)/institute(s):

UK Health and Safety Executive (HSE)

# DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)/DERIVED MINIMAL EFFECT LEVEL (DMEL)

#### Worker

Substance Name	Dermal	Inhalation
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1%	12.5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL, Chronic Exposure,	151 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic
naphthalene	Systemic Effects	Exposure, Systemic Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	NA	5.4 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic
heavy paraffinic		Exposure, Local Effects
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-	NA	5.4 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic
dewaxed heavy paraffinic		Exposure, Local Effects

# Consumer

Substance Name	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1%	7.5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL,	32 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic	7.5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL,
naphthalene	Chronic Exposure, Systemic	Exposure, Systemic	Chronic Exposure,
	Effects	Effects	Systemic Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	NA	1.2 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic	NA
heavy paraffinic		Exposure, Local Effects	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-	NA	1.2 mg/m3 DNEL, Chronic	NA
dewaxed heavy paraffinic		Exposure, Local Effects	

Note: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

# PREDICTED NO EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC)

Substance Name   Aqua   Aqua   Aqua   Sewage   Sediment   Soil   Oral	
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dewaxed heavy paraffinic

(intermittent (fresh (marine treatment (secondary water) water) release) plant poisoning) Hydrocarbons, C10, NA NΑ NΑ NA NA NA NA aromatics, >1% naphthalene Distillates NΑ NA NΑ NA NΑ NΑ 9.33 mg / kg (petroleum), (food) hydrotreated heavy paraffinic NΑ NΑ NA NΑ NΑ Distillates NΑ 9.33 mg / kg (petroleum), solvent-(food)

# 8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

# **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material with a high performance level for continuous contact use conditions, permeation breakthrough minimum 480 minutes in accordance with CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or



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manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include: Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

# **SECTION 9**

# **PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

# 9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: Amber

**Odour:** Characteristic

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: Not technically feasible

**Melting Point:** Not technically feasible **Freezing Point:** No data available

Initial Boiling Point / and Boiling Range: > 316°C (600°F) [Estimated]

Flash Point [Method]: >180°C (356°F) [ASTM D-92] Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): No data available

Flammability (Solid, Gas): Not technically feasible

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: 7.0 LEL: 0.9 [Estimated]

**Vapour Pressure:** < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20 °C [Estimated] **Vapour Density (Air = 1):** > 2 at 101 kPa [test method unavailable]

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.855 [ASTM D4052]

Solubility(ies): water Negligible

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): > 3.5 [test method unavailable]

**Autoignition Temperature:** No data available **Decomposition Temperature:** No data available

Viscosity: 40 cSt (40 mm2/sec) at 40°C | 7 cSt (7 mm2/sec) at 100°C [ASTM D 445]

**Explosive Properties:** None **Oxidizing Properties:** None

# 9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

Pour Point: -48°C (-54°F) [ASTM D97] DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt



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Hazard Class

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

**10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidisers

**10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

Canalysian / Bamarka

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

<u>Hazard Class</u>	<u>Conclusion / Remarks</u>
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
material.	
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
material.	
Skin	
Acute Toxicity: No end point data for	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
material.	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on
for material.	assessment of the components.
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on
data for material.	assessment of the components.
Sensitisation	
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
for material.	
Skin Sensitization: No end point data for	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on assessment of the
material.	components.
Aspiration: Data available.	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico- chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of
for material.	the components.
Carcinogenicity: No end point data for	Contains a substance that may cause cancer. Based on
material.	assessment of the components.
Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data	Contains a substance that may be a reproductive toxicant. Based
for material.	on assessment of the components.
Lactation: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.



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Repeated Exposure: No end point data for	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated
material.	exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

#### **TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES**

NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-C12-18-alkyl	Oral Lethality: LD 50 1500 mg/kg (Rat)
derivs.	

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test animals.

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### 12.1. TOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

# **Biodegradation:**

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

# 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

# 12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

# 12.5. PERSISTENCE, BIOACCUMULATION AND TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCE(S)

Material does not meet the Reach Annex XIII criteria for PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.

# SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

# 13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS



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Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products. Protect the environment. Dispose of used oil at designated sites. Minimize skin contact. Do not mix used oils with solvents, brake fluids or coolants.

**European Waste Code:** 13 02 05\*

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

This material is considered as hazardous waste pursuant to The Hazardous Waste Regulations (HWR), and subject to the provisions of those Regulations.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (ADR/RID): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Land Transport

INLAND WATERWAYS (ADN): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Inland Waterways Transport

SEA (IMDG): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

SEA (MARPOL 73/78 Convention - Annex II):

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not classified according to Annex II

AIR (IATA): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Air Transport

# SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories (May contain substance(s) subject to notification to the EPA Active TSCA inventory prior to import to USA):

AIIC, DSL, IECSC, ISHL, KECI, TCSI, TSCA

Special Cases:



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Inventory	Status
PICCS	Restrictions Apply

# 15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

# Applicable UK legislation:

REACH [... Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ... and amendments thereto]

CLP [Classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.. and amendments

thereto]

REACH Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII):

The following entries of Annex XVII may be considered for this product: None

# 15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

**REACH Information:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more substances present in the material.

# SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

**REFERENCES:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in house or supplier toxicology studies, CONCAWE Product Dossiers, publications from other trade associations, such as the EU Hydrocarbon Solvents REACH Consortium, U.S. HPV Program Robust Summaries, the EU IUCLID Data Base, U.S. NTP publications, and other sources, as appropriate.

# List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

Acronym Full text
N/A Not applicable
N/D Not determined
NE Not established

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AIHA WEEL American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances



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TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose
LL Lethal Loading
EC Effective Concentration
EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate

# Classification according to CLP

Classification according to CLP	Classification procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation

# **KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):**

[Flam. Liq. 4 H227]: Combustible liquid; Flammable Liquid, Cat 4 Acute Tox. 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 4

Asp. Tox. 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 1

Skin Corr. 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B Skin Corr. 1C H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1C

STOT SE 3 H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness; Target Organ Single, Narcotic

Carc. 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer; GHS Carcinogenicity, Cat 2

Repr. 2 H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child; Repro Tox, Cat 2 (Develop)

Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1 [Aquatic Acute 2 H401]: Toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 2

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 2

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

CLP Classification information was added.

Composition: Component Table for REACH information was modified.

dnel table - consumer information was modified.

dnel table - worker information was modified.

dnel table notes information was modified.

GHS Environmental Classification information was deleted.

GHS Environmental Hazards information was added.

GHS Environmental Hazards information was deleted.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Disposal information was added.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Disposal information was deleted.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Prevention information was added.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Prevention information was deleted.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Response information was deleted.

GHS Precautionary Statements - Storage information was deleted.

GHS Signal Word information was added.

GHS Signal Word information was deleted.

GHS Symbol information was added.

GHS Target Organ Phrase information was deleted.

Hazard Identification: Section 3 Footnotes for CLP tables information was modified.



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PNEC table information was modified.

Section 01: Company Contact Methods information was modified. Section 01: Company Emergency Contact information was modified.

Section 13: European Waste Code Hazardous Note information was modified.

Section 15: EU Directives and Regulations information was modified.

Section 16: HCode Key information was modified.

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ANNEX

Annex not required for this material.